

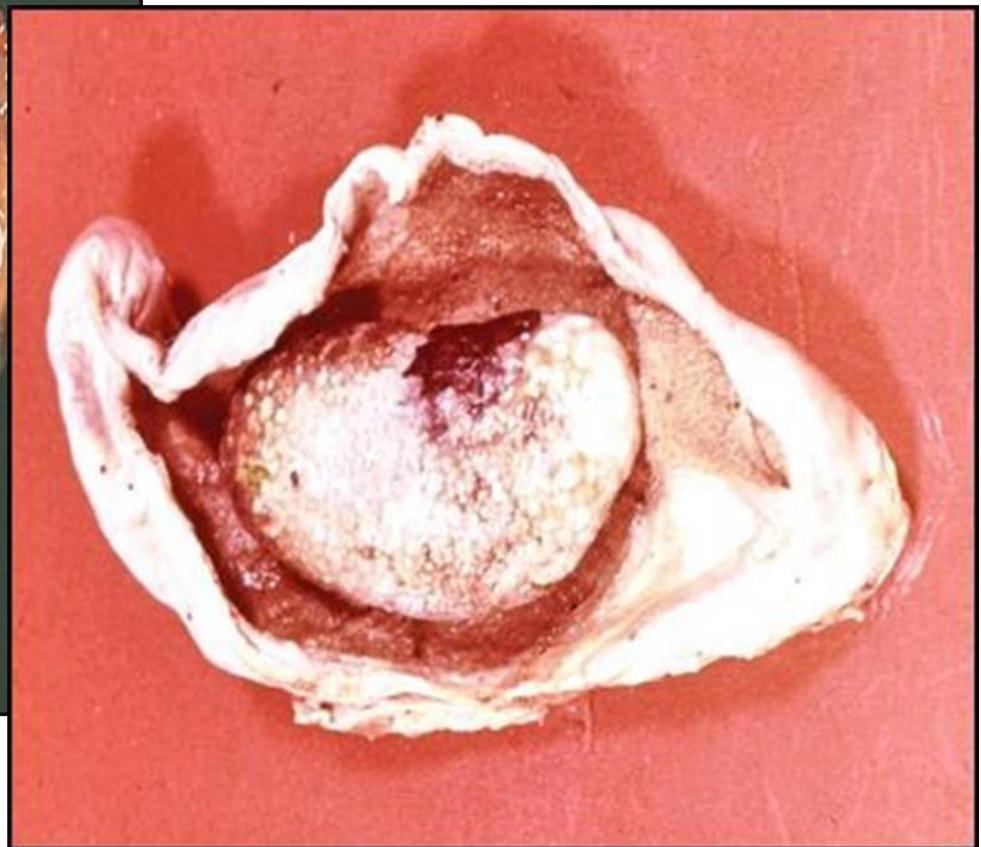
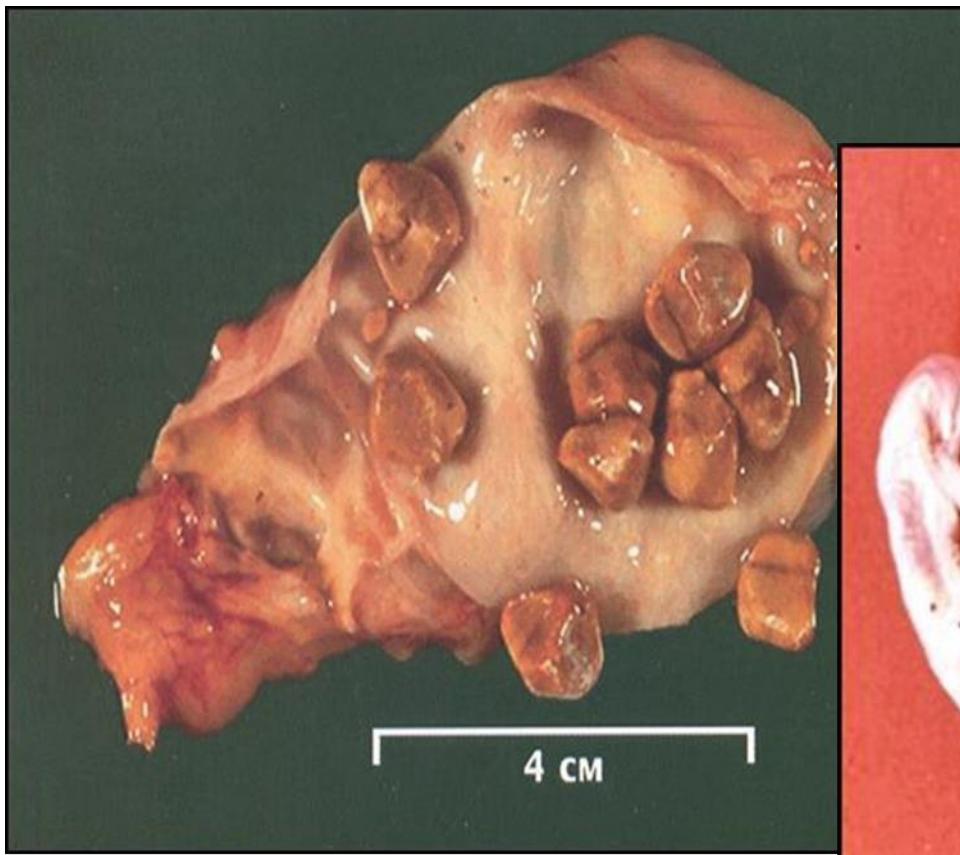
MACROSCOPIC PREPARATIONS
OF
CONTROL
ON SECTION 4

1



Tuberculous spondylitis

2



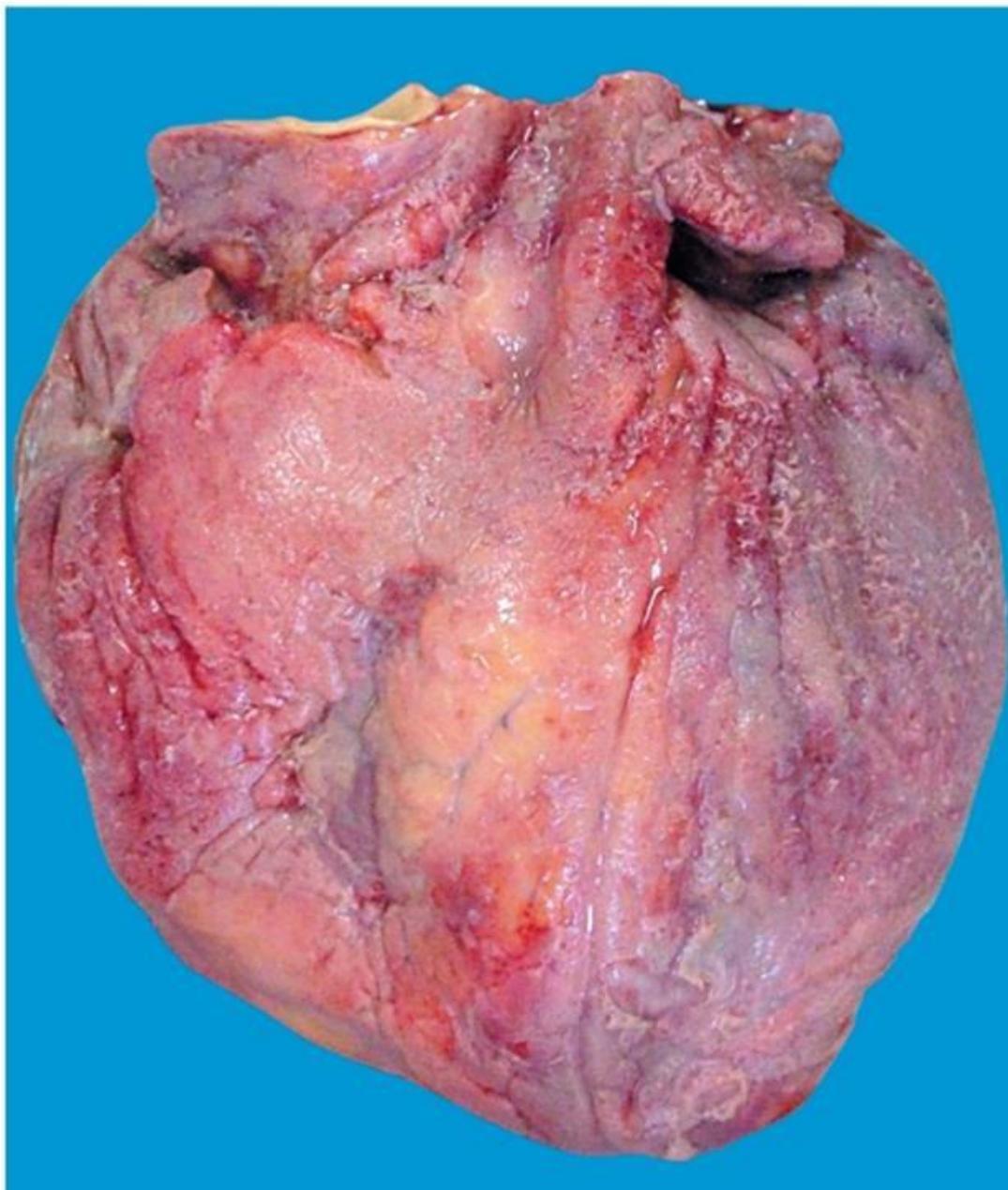
Calculus cholecystitis

3



Liver cirrhosis

4



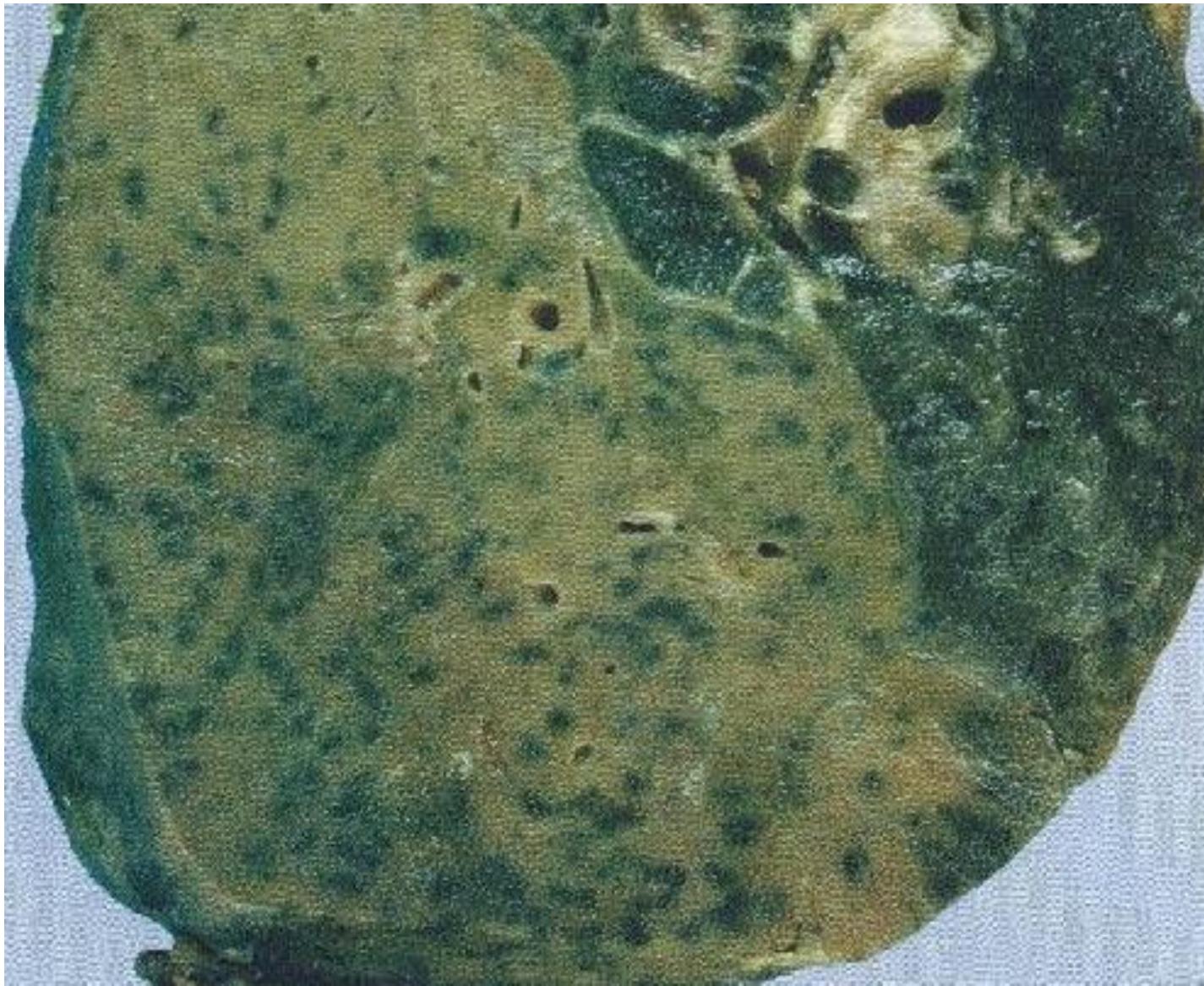
Fibrinous pericarditis

5



Bronchiectases

6



Croupous pneumonia

7



Bronchopneumonia

8



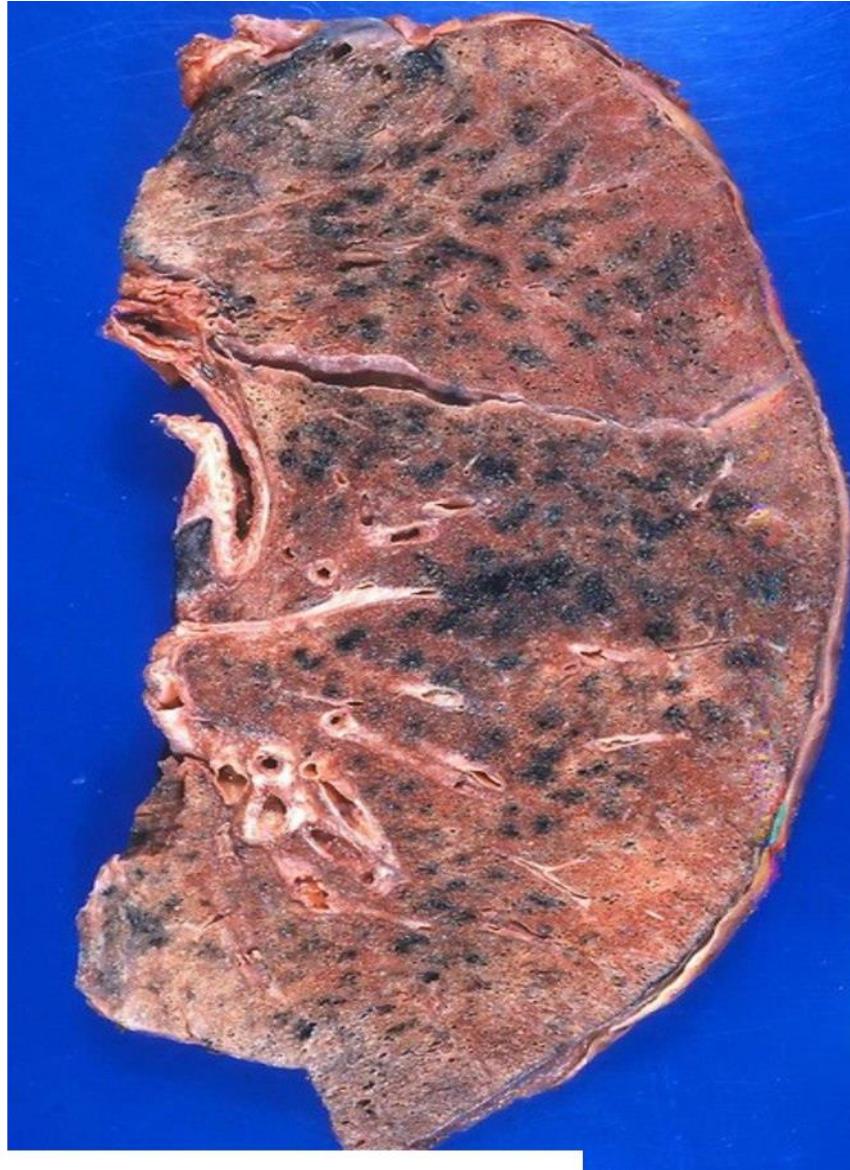
Changes in Peyer's patches
in typhoid fever

9



Kidney tuberculosis

10



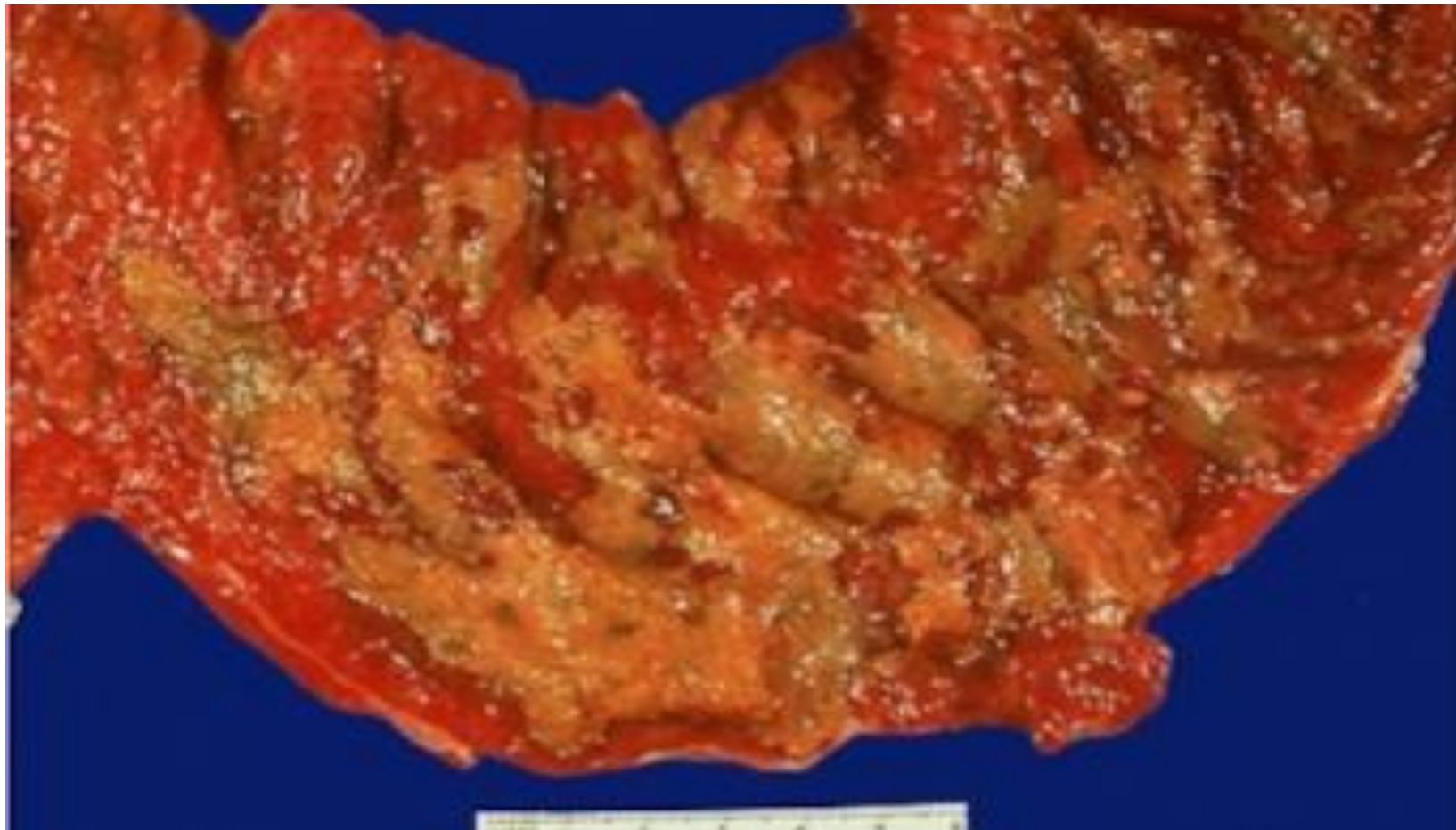
Anthracosis of the lungs

11



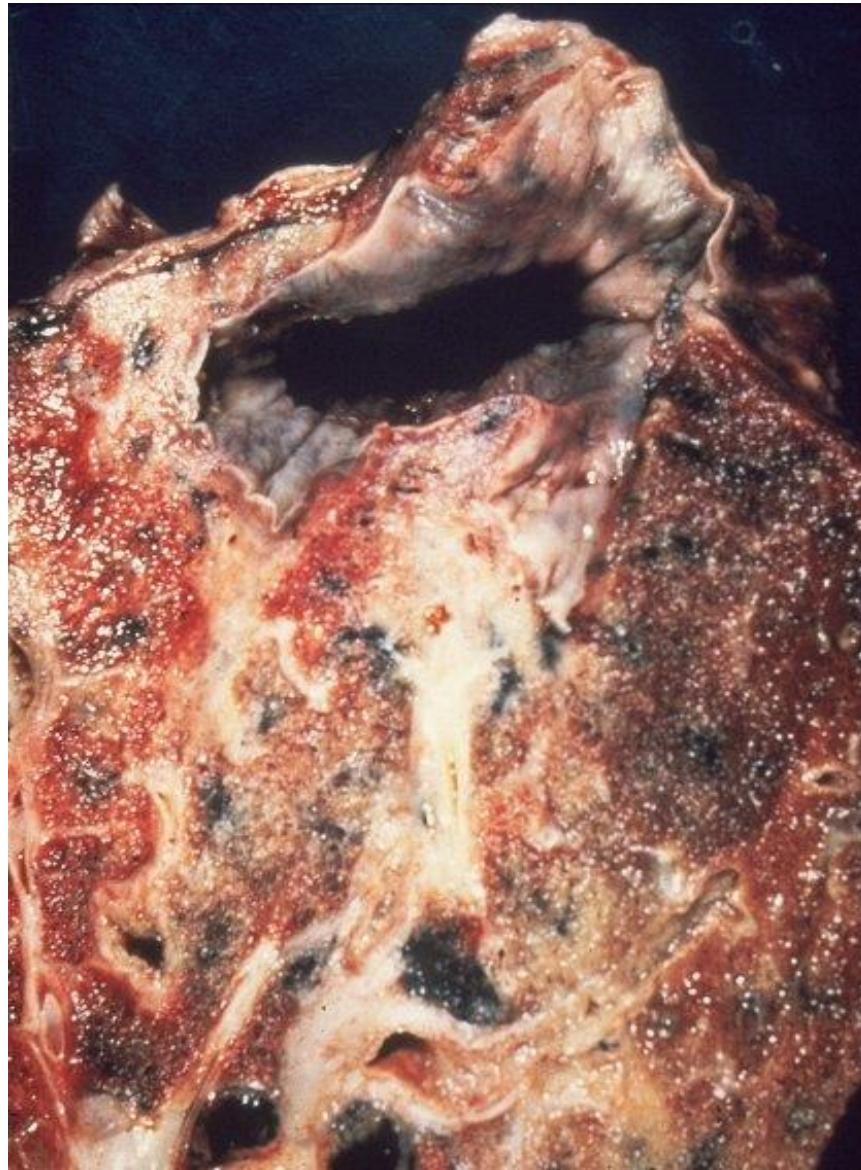
"Cor pulmonale"

12

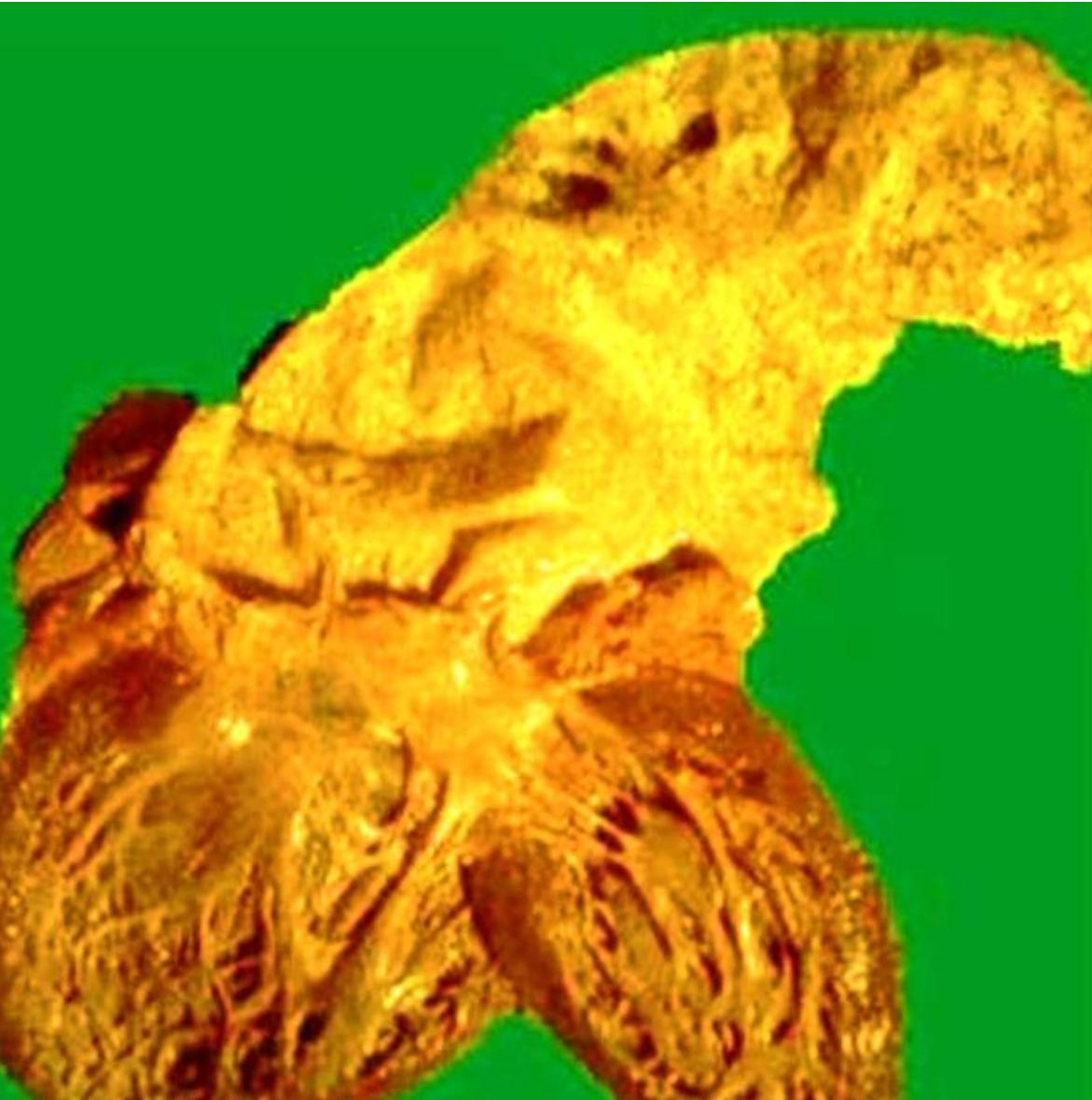


Fibrinous colitis

13



Fibro cavernous pulmonary tuberculosis

A gross pathological specimen of an atherosclerotic plaque from the ascending aorta. The image shows a large, irregularly shaped, yellowish-brown mass with a thick, fibrous cap and a necrotic, hemorrhagic interior. The surrounding tissue is dark red and appears healthy.

14

Aneurysm of the ascending portion of the aorta in syphilis

15

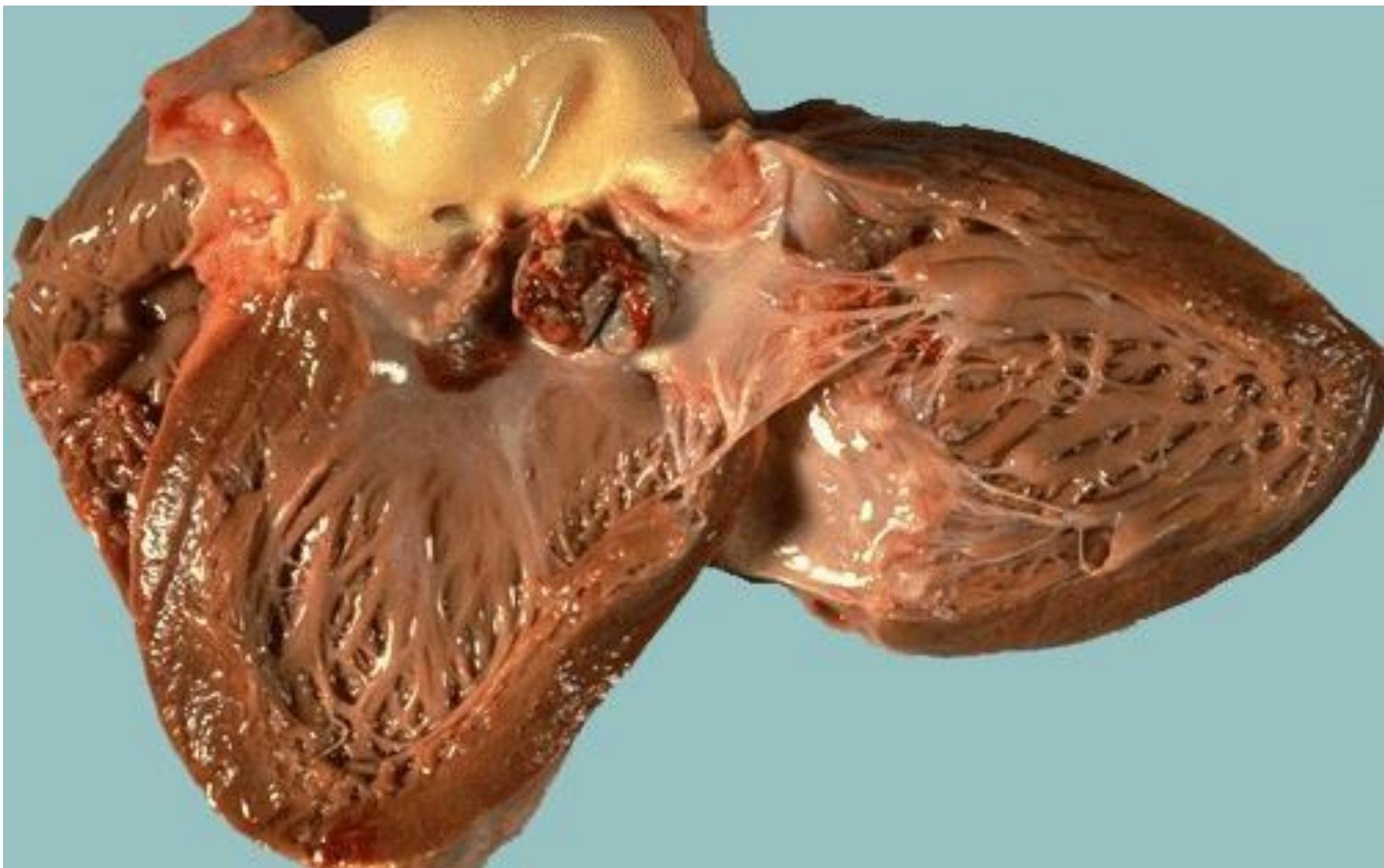


Postpartum purulent endometritis



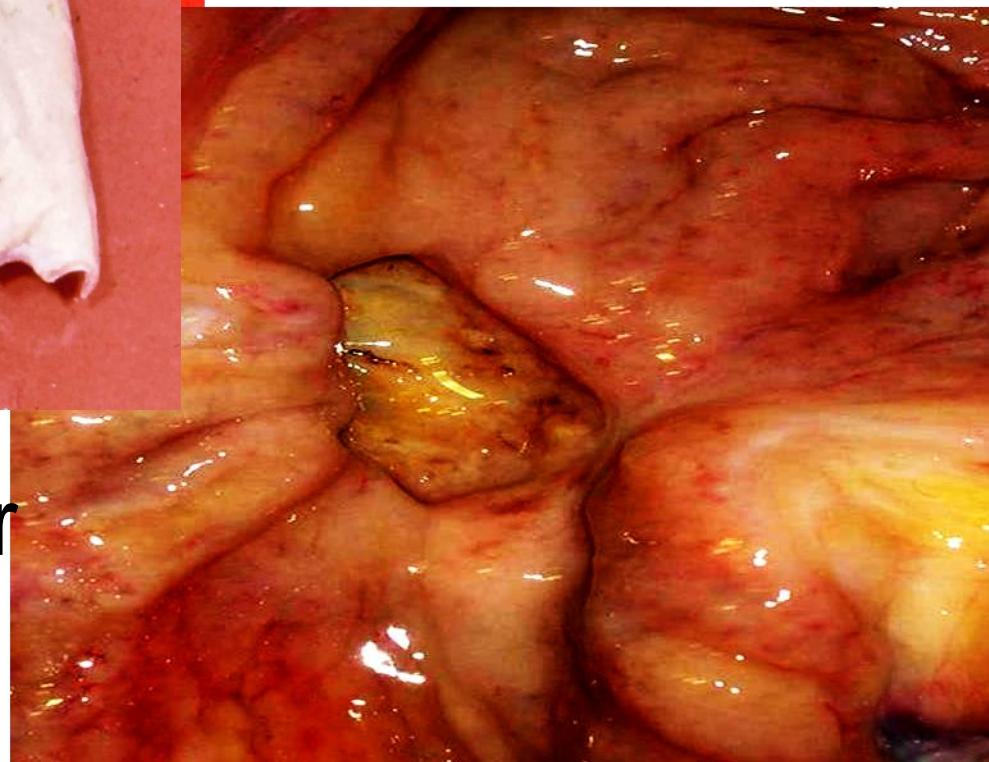
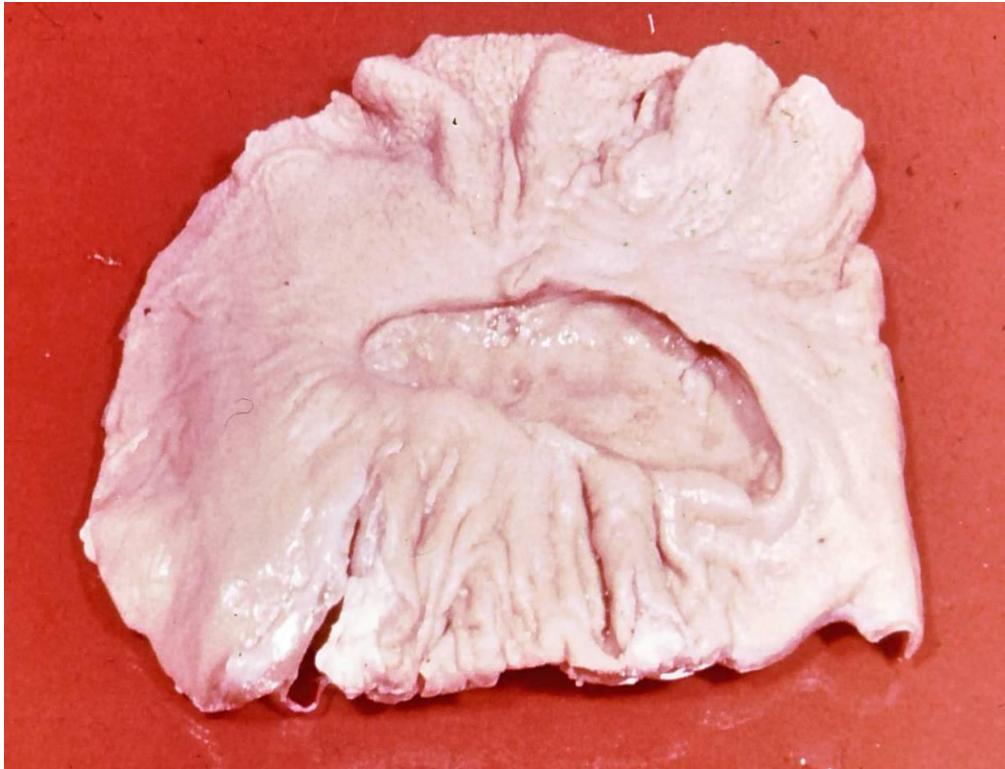
1 2 3 4
CENTIMETERS

Apostematous nephritis



Polyposis-ulcerative endocarditis

18



Chronic gastric ulcer

19

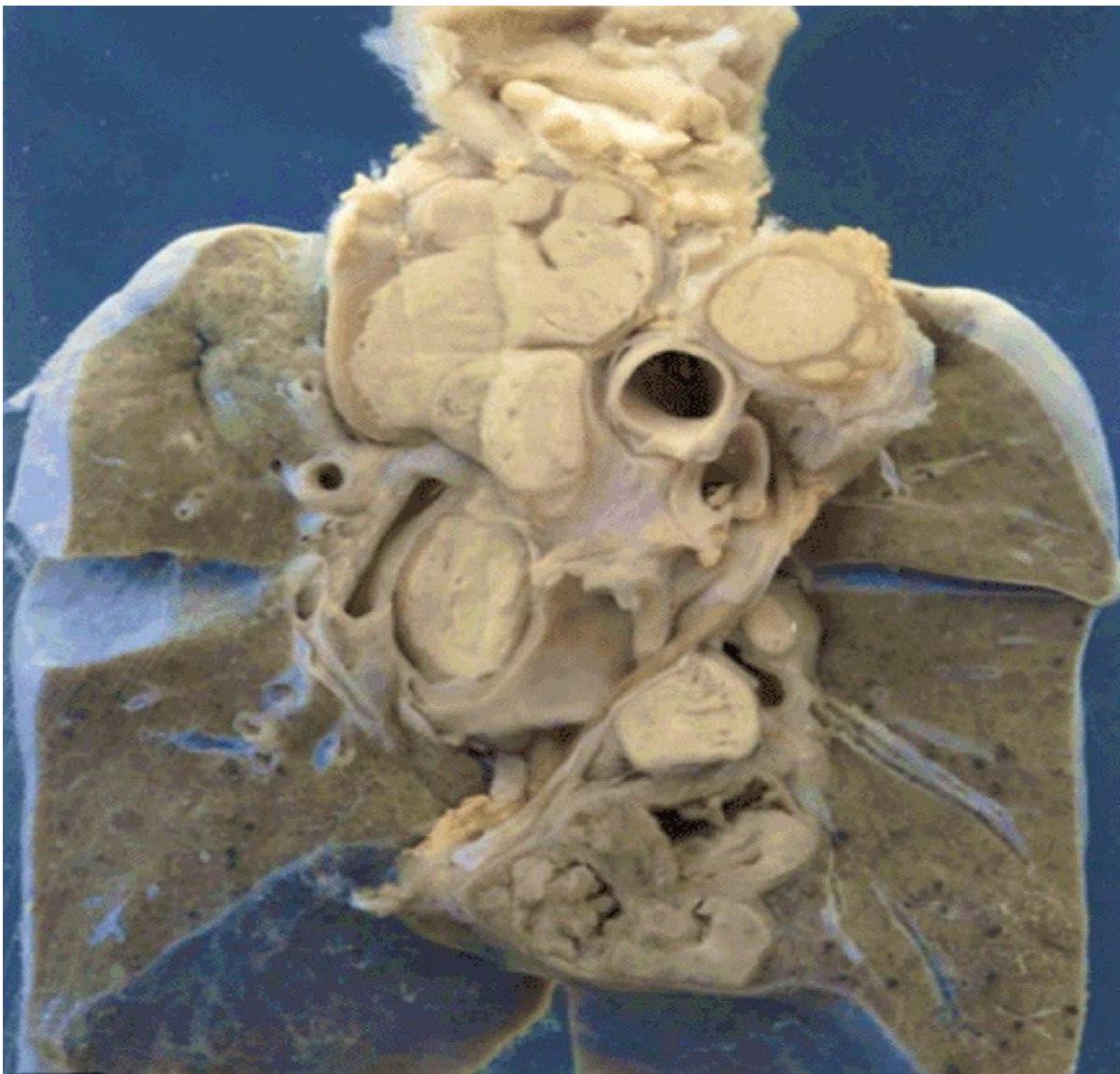


Purulent leptomeningitis

20

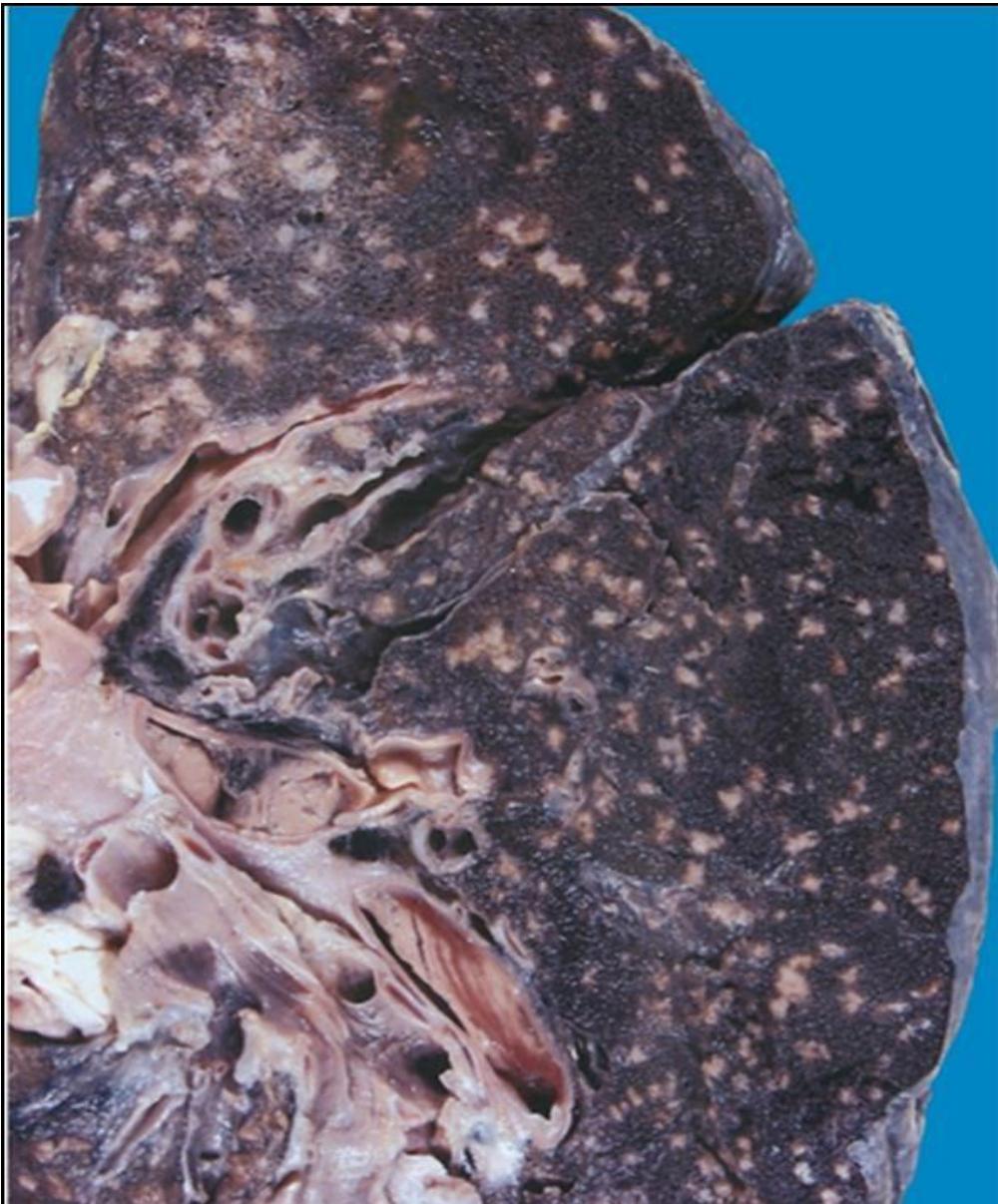


Liver abscess



Primary tuberculosis, lymphogenic generalization

22



Miliary pulmonary tuberculosis

23



Fatty hepatosis